

COMMON ANKLE INJURIES

ACUTE ANKLE SPRAIN

An ankle sprain occurs when the foot suddenly twists or rolls and forces the ankle out of its normal position. In addition to pain, you may experience swelling, bruising, and additional discomfort when you try to put weight on your foot.

There are several levels of ankle sprain:



Grade I Sprain (Mild)

- Slight stretching and microscopic tearing of the ligament fibers
- Mild tenderness and swelling around the ankle



Grade II Sprain (Moderate)

- Partial tearing of the ligament
- Moderate tenderness and swelling around the ankle
- When the ankle moves in certain ways, there is an abnormal looseness of the ankle joint



Grade III Sprain (Severe)

- Complete tear of the ligament
- Significant tenderness and swelling around the ankle
- When the ankle moves in certain ways, substantial instability occurs



MANAGING YOUR ANKLE SPRAIN

Immediately after injury, discontinue activity, elevate your ankle and apply cold therapy to the injured area to help reduce swelling and pain. Don't try to "tough it out" or limp through the pain, as this may cause more serious problems. An ankle sprain can take from a few days up to several weeks to heal. Treatment depends on the severity of the injury. You can use non-prescription medications like antiinflammatories to help manage your pain; do not exceed the recommended dosage.

See your doctor if:

- · You cannot put any weight on your foot
- The pain is severe, does not improve or becomes worse
- Swelling and tenderness does not improve or becomes worse

For several days following injury, follow the RICE treatment:



Rest

If it's painful to walk or put weight on your foot, stay off your feet as much as possible. Rest your ankle and use crutches to support your weight if you need to get around.



Ice

Ice your ankle for 48 to 72 hours after injury to help reduce pain and swelling; apply ice or cold therapy for 20 minutes at a time every two to three hours.



Compression

A wrap can be applied around the ankle at the site of the sprain to help decrease swelling.



Elevation



Raise the injured ankle above the level of the heart for at least two to three hours a day, and while you sleep, for the first 24 to 36 hours to help reduce swelling and bruising.



ANKLE SPRAIN TREATMENT PLANS

Most ankle sprains can be treated without surgery Even a complete ligament tear can heal without surgical repair if it is immobilized appropriately.

A three-phase program guides treatment to aid all ankle sprains- from mild to severe:

- **Phase 1** includes resting, protecting the ankle and reducing the swelling.
- Phase 2 includes restoring range of motion, strength and flexibilitu.
- Phase 3 includes simple ankle exercises to help strengthen ligaments and muscles while working on range of motion and flexibility. You may gradually return to activities that do not require turning or twisting the ankle. When you are ready, you may be cleared to return to activities that require sharp, sudden turns (cutting activities), such as tennis, basketball, or football – often with the support of a brace.

This three-phase treatment program may take just two weeks for minor sprains, or up to 12 weeks for more severe injuries.



Cold therapy can help manage pain and reduce swelling. Our motorized cold therapy units and compression devices combine the therapeutic benefits of cold with controlled compression.



DonJoy IceMan® CLEAR3

The IceMan* CLEAR3 cold therapy unit helps reduce pain and swelling, speeding up rehabilitation and recovery.

The IceMan helps provide extended cold therapy to aid in a variety of indications and protocols as directed by a medical professional.



NEW

DonJoy Fusiogel®

As well as offering compression, the brace's removable gel liners can be frozen to add cold therapy, helping to reduce swelling in the acute phase of healing following mild to moderate ankle sprains.



Aircast Ankle Cryo/Cuff™

Helps reduce ankle swelling and pain with compression and cold therapy. The cuff is anatomically designed to completely fit the ankle, and the detachable cooler allows for uninterrupted treatment.

WARNING! THESE DEVICES CAN BE COLD ENOUGH TO CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY. Please read and understand all warnings and Instructions For Use before using the device. DO NOT use this device without a prescription and direction from a physician. Your prescription must state how long and how often the device should be used and the length of breaks between uses.

BRACING

Whether you play sports or need something for daily wear, an ankle brace can help stabilize the affected ankle and help prevent further injury. Consult your doctor or physical therapist about prescribing these products.

GRADE I



DonJoy **StrapiLax™ Ankle**



DonJoy FusioLight II®



Aircast **AirSport**™

GRADE II



Aircast **Air-Stirrup™**



Aircast
AirSport+®



Aircast **ActyFoot**™

GRADE III



AirSelect™ Elite



AirSelect™ Standard

CHRONIC ANKLE INSTABILITY (CAI)



DonJoy **ActyLight**®



Aircast **A60**™



Aircast **AirSport™**



Aircast **ActyFoot™**

DONJOY ACTYLIGHT®

FIT-AND-FORGET ANKLE SUPPORT.

The convenience and comfort of the DonJoy ActyLight® ankle support means patients will forget they're even wearing it. Its step-in design and lockable lace system provide a fast, secure fit that's complemented by a pair of removable anatomical stays. Their simple adaptability enables both acute and chronic use, so ActyLight can support patients throughout their treatment.

Features and Benefits:

- Step-in design makes donning and doffing quick and easy
- Secure lace-locking mechanism enables precise tightening, helps maintain a consistent fit, and allows quick release
- Lightweight, breathable fabrics help the foot stay cool and dry to aid compliance
- Figure-8 straps provide inversion/ eversion control
- Anatomically contoured bilateral stays provide additional stability and protection and can be repositioned to accommodate the malleoli
- Fits inside a trainer comfortably allowing patients to stay active
- Modular design means the support can be adapted easily for acute or chronic use by removing the stays

Please consult your healthcare professional prior to use.





Severe or chronic ankle sprains may require surgery. Surgical options may include:

Arthroscopy

During arthroscopy, your doctor uses a small camera, called an arthroscope, to look inside your ankle joint. Miniature instruments are used to remove any loose fragments of bone or cartilage, or repair parts of the ligament that may be caught in the joint.

Reconstruction

Your doctor may be able to repair the torn ligament with stitches or sutures. In some cases, they will reconstruct the damaged ligament by replacing it with a tissue graft obtained from other ligaments and/or tendons found in the foot and around the ankle.



Immobilize (1st – 7th day) ActyFoot" with lateral stay

| Exercise 1 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|--|--|
| | 5 repetitions in each direction, 3 times daily | Sit comfortably and stretch out the injured leg. You can also stretch out or bend the healthy leg. Slowly flex the injured foot upwards, then slowly stretch it down again. Hold each position for 10 seconds at a time. |

| Exercise 2 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|---------------|--|
| | 3 times daily | Lie on your back and keep the injured foot at a 90° angle. Slowly move the injured leg in the air as if you were riding a bicycle. Do the movement for 15 seconds, pause for about 10 seconds, and repeat the movement in the other direction. |

| Exercise 1 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|--|--|
| | 15 repetitions with breaks, 2 times daily | Stand hip-width apart with your lower legs parallel to one another. Steady yourself by holding onto a sturdy object. Shift your weight onto your healthy foot. Bend your knees slightly without getting into a knock-kneed position. Hold this position for about 3 seconds before straightening up again. |

| 15 repetitions with breaks, Stair step training: | Exercise 2 | Repetitions | Description |
|--|------------|--|---|
| your entire body weight forward. Downwards: Place the injured foot on the step below and slowly bring | | 15 repetitions with breaks, 2 times daily | Upwards: Place the injured foot on the step above and slowly bring your entire body weight forward. Downwards: Place the injured foot on the step below and slowly bring your entire body weight forward and onto the foot, bending your knee as you are doing so. Always hold on tight when you stand on your |

| Exercise 3 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|--|---|
| | 2 times daily 10 repetitions per side | Sit on the floor and extend your injured leg. Bend your healthy leg toward your torso. With your toes stretched, statically press the outside of your foot against a sturdy object (e.g. against a wall or a door frame). Then do the same with the inside of the foot. Hold each position for 3 seconds at a time. |

| Exercise 1 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|--|--|
| | 10 repetitions with breaks, 2 times daily | Hold on to a sturdy object and take a sidestep on a folded towel, so that the affected leg is on slightly unstable ground. Shift your body weight onto the injured leg and squat. Be careful to prevent evasive movements and move slowly. To increase the degree of difficulty, you can turn your head to the side, increase the distance between your legs, close your eyes, choose different surfaces or do the exercise while standing on the tips of your toes. |

| Exercise 2 | Repetitions | Description |
|------------|---|---|
| | 10 times daily | Place an object that you can grasp with your feet (e.g. a towel) on the floor in front of you. Put your weight on your healthy foot and stand on your leg. Try to grab the object with the toes of the injured foot, then bend the leg. Now move your leg up and down. You can then change your standing leg and grab the object with your healthy foot. |
| | | |
| Exercise 3 | Repetitions | Description |
| Exercise 3 | Repetitions 10 repetitions, 2 times daily | Description Lie with your back on a mat and bend your feet up with the load on your heel. Push your bottom up, keeping your feet straight. |
| Exercise 3 | 10 repetitions, | Lie with your back on a mat and bend your feet up with the load on |

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